

Agression and Appeasement

Thursday, April 07, 2005

9:45 AM

APPEASEMENT

AGGRESSION AND APPEASEMENT

- 1931 Japan invaded Manchuria
- 1933 Japan resigned from the League of Nations
- 1933 Germany resigned from the League of Nations
- 1934 Polish German-Nonaggression Treaty
- 1935 Saar Valley reunited with Germany
- 1935 Italy conquered Ethiopia**
- 1935 Germany began to rearm**
- 1936 Spanish Civil War began
- 1936 Rome-Berlin Axis
- 1936 Anticomintern Pact (Japan, Germany, Italy) (ANTI-Communist)**
- 1936 Germany reoccupied the Rhineland**
- 1937 Japan invaded China
- 1937 Germany initiated disturbances in Danzig
- 1938 Anschluss (Germany and Austria)**
- 1938 Munich Crisis**
Hitler took the Sudetenland, because many Germans there (Czechoslovakia)
Hitler given Sudetenland, but promised not to touch anything else
- 1939 Franco defeated Republicans in Spain; established fascist rule in Spain
- 1939 Hitler took the rest of Czechoslovakia
- 1939 Hitler took Memel (in Lithuania)
- 1939 Mussolini took Albania
- 1939 Nazi-Soviet Pact**
- September 1, 1939 Hitler invaded Poland

September 3, 1939 England and France declared war on Germany

- Anschluss
 - Unification of Germany - Hungary

- Francisco Franco
 - Spanish Civil winner / dictator

- Rome-Berlin Axis
 - Hitler Mussolini

- Anti-Comintern Pact
 - Against communism (Germany, Italy, Japan)

- Sudeten Germans
 - Czechoslovakia

- Munich Conference
 - Europe gave into Hitler's demands

- Nazi-Soviet Pact
 - To carve up Poland

Attacks on Europe

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- Invasion of the Sudetenland
 - o Led to *Munich Conference* - Hitler said that he does not want anymore territory

 - **Invasion of Poland**
 - o September 1, 1939
 - o September 3, 1939 GB and France declared war on Germany
 - o Excuse/Lie: Poles attacked German fortifications on the border
 - o **Blitzkrieg**
 - War strategy of Hitler
 - "Lightning war"
 - Every force hits at the same time (1.7 million)
 - o Poles fought back
 - o Poland fell within a few days
 - o GB and France waited, did not act

 - **Winter War**
 - o Russian offensive
 - o Winter, 1939
 - o Stalin attacked
 - Estonia
 - Latvia
 - Lithuania
 - Finland
 - o Wanted to gain back territories
 - o *USSR kicked out of League of Nations*
 - o No military action from allies

 - **Phony War**
 - o War in the west
 - o 6 months nothing happened
 - o "Sitzkrieg"
 - o April, 1940
 - Hitler attacked Norway and Denmark
 - Denmark falls immediately
 - Norway fights back, but doesn't succeed
 - o Hitler later attacks
 - Belgium, Netherlands, Luxembourg
 - Wins very fast
 - o Hitler attacks France
 - May 1940
 - Went around the Maginot-Line
 - Through the Arden Forest
 - Uses the blitz
 - Surrounds allied forces on coast of Dunkirk
 - o Hitler invades
 - Denmark, Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg, Norway, France
-

- **Miracle at Dunkirk**
 - Allied soldiers surrounded on the coast
 - British people took their boats and crossed English Channel to save the soldiers
 - 350,000 troops saved
 - Left equipment on the shore

- **France Falls**
 - Fell in less than a month
 - **Defeatist** psychology
 - Germans occupy northern part of France
 - Southern France = **Vichy Regime**
 - Set up by the Germans
 - Cooperated with the Nazis; "*puppet state*"
 - Led by **Marshall Petain**
 - Traitors
 - Northern France
 - Put up a fight
 - Germans had to occupy
 - **Free French**
 - French patriots (led by **Charles deGaulle**)
 - Left to England
 - Wanted to overthrow the Nazis
 - Were working on a plan
 - **Resistance**
 - French patriots
 - Stayed in France
 - Worked "*underground*"
 - Fought from the inside

- **Battle of Britain**
 - **"Operation Sea Lion"**
 - Did not have a plan, because he thought that continent would take longer to invade
 - Hitler does not want to send ships
 - Hitler sent planes
 - Germans bombed every day
 - 57 days
 - Major cities
 - Did not soften the British
 - Moral raised
 - Very angry
 - British able to withstand
 - Radar
 - Deciphered German secret code
 - *RAF (Royal Air Force)* fought in the air = well trained
 - High morale and production continued
 - **Winston Churchill**
 - Prime Minister
 - Sent troops to North Africa
 - Eventually Hitler abandoned this plan
 - Due to attack on Russia

- **Summer of 1940**

- Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Denmark, Norway, Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg, France, Greece

- **1941**
 - Bleakest year for Allies
 - Germany's peak

- **Aims of Hitler and Napoleon**
 - Didn't like British
 - Both stopped by Russians
 - Same amount of territory
 - Hitler was never as popular
 - Napoleons = international army, Hitler = not
 - "New Order" similar to "Continental System"

Turning Points

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- Axis Victories

- Unstoppable
- Things look bad for the Allies

- End of 1940

- Germans controlled all of mainland (not GB) Europe except
 - Portugal
 - Sweden
 - Switzerland
 - Spain

- 1942 = turning point

- Pacific
- Russia
- Africa

- PACIFIC

- **Battle of Midway**
- June 1942
- Midway = American held island just NW of Hawaii
 - Half way between CA and Japan
 - Within striking distance of Hawaii
- Japanese launched assault on Midway
 - In the air
 - Americans ready
 - Fighting done by carrier based torpedo planes and dive bombers
 - Heavy losses
 - 35/41 American planes shot down
 - 4 large Japanese aircraft carriers sunk
 - Japanese never again went on the offensive
- American strategy after Midway
 - Island hopping

- RUSSIA

- June 1941
- Wants resources
 - Oil
 - Food
- Surprise attack
 - Had an alliance
- **"Operation Barbarossa"**
- Fighting two-front war
- As he moves eastward, Russians retreated
 - Hitler uses Blitzkrieg
- Stop for the winter
 - Outside of Leningrad
 - 2.5 years siege of Leningrad

- Spring 1942: Germans resume advance
 - Main thrust at Stalingrad on Volga River
 - To get some oil
- **Battler of Stalingrad**
 - August 22, 1942
 - Went on for 2 months
 - Russians refuse to surrender
 - Led by [Marshall Georgi Zhukov](#)
- Germans surrender in early 1943
- Russians go on offensive
 - Push back and win eastern Europe
 - Impose communism once they kick out Nazis

- AFRICA

- **Battle of El Alamein**
 - In Egypt
- Fighting in the colonies
- See-saw-(ed)
 - No clear winner
- Axis
 - Base: Libya
 - Command: [General Erwin Rommel](#)
 - German tank commander
 - Leader of "Afrika Korps"
 - "Desert Fox"
- Allies
 - Base: Egypt
 - Command: [General Bernard Montgomery](#)
 - British
 - "Monty"
- Fall 1942
 - Americans landed in morocco and Algeria
 - Caught Germans in the middle
 - Command: [Dwight David Eisenhower](#)
 - "Ike"
 - Rommel
 - Caught in between Monty and Ike
- Axis surrendered

WORLD WAR II

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WAR IN THE PACIFIC

- American Neutrality

- Isolationism
- Not participating in fighting
- Sympathetic to Allies
 - Became more concerned when Nazis started winning
- **Lend-Lease Act**: March 1941
 - Sent assistance to allies
 - Supplies, materials
 - Britain and Soviet Union
 - Only ones left
 - US = "**arsenal of democracy**"
 - Supplying a lot of the weapons
- *Atlantic Charter*
 - Meeting of the coast of Newfoundland
 - Churchill and FDR
 - Optimistic plan
- German subs attack American ships
 - **Convoys** for protection
 - Surrounded ships with battleships

- Japanese Expansion

- Manchuria 1935
- China 1937
- French Indochina 1940
- Join Axis powers 1940
 - Ally of the Germans
- Started spreading influence in Asia

- Pearl Harbor

- US objected to Japanese imperialism
 - Stopped trade with Japan
 - Economic sanctions
- Japan sent envoy to Washington
 - To negotiate a trade settlement
- Japanese attacked Pearl Harbor
 - Surprise attack
 - Wanted to cripple US
 - Hawaii
 - December 7, 1941
 - "a date that will live in infamy"
 - US declared war on Axis powers
- US was only Ally power left to fight in the Pacific
 - British and Russians are occupied in Europe

- Japanese Victories

- Japanese conquer
 - Guam
 - Wake
 - Hong Kong
 - Malaya

- Singapore
 - Dutch East Indies
 - Burma
 - Philippines
 - "Asia for the Asians"
 - Kicking out imperialist powers and colonial leaders
 - Asian countries welcome Japan at 1st
 - Free from west
 - Later despise Japanese
 - US is rebuilding planes and navy
 - **General Mac Arthur**
 - Head of Allied forces in the Pacific
 - "island hopping"
- **Battle of the Coral Sea**
- May 1942
 - Northern (NE) Australia
 - First set back for Japan
 - "History's first naval battle fought in the air"
 - Japan had to call off invasion of Australia
 - Before Midway

End of 3rd Reich

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- **According to Hitler (Reichs):**
- 1st = Roman Empire
- 2nd = Bismarck
- 3rd = Hitler

- **Italy's Defeat**
 - o July 1943
 - o Allies come through the South (Sicily)
 - o British and American forces defeat Mussolini in Sicily
 - o **Badoglio** takes over
 - Represented Allies
 - Southern Part
 - o Mussolini flees
 - Executed, hung up upside down
 - o Allies invade mainland
 - Sept. 1943
 - Move North
 - Freed Rome in June 1944
 - o Germans remain in control of mainland until spring of 1945

- **D-Day**
 - o France
 - o Beaches of Normandy
 - Surprise for the Germans
 - o Opened second front
 - o June 6, 1944
 - o Eisenhower = commander of Allied forces
 - o Bloodbath
 - o Liberate Paris in August 1944
 - Start moving towards Germany

- **Allies advance / Defeat of Germany**
 - o Heavy bombing of Germany
 - 1943
 - Factories, RR, Cities
 - o **Battle of the Bulge**
 - December 1944
 - Belgium and Luxembourg
 - Final advance of the Germans
 - Final effort of Germans
 - Pushed Allies back temporarily
 - o April 1945
 - Americans and Soviets approaching Berlin from both sides
 - Russians were first to go in
 - Hitler committed suicide
 - Germany surrendered
 - May 8, 1945

- Defeat of Japan

- Japan vs. Americans
 - Slow American advance
 - Heavy casualties

 - Chinese Civil War
 - Mao (Communist) vs. Chaing (Nationalist)
 - Temporarily unite until they defeat Japan
 - US supported Chaing Kai-Shek

 - **Okinawa**
 - July 1945
 - Japan
 - Heavy casualties
 - Kamikaze attacks
 - Flew their planes into the enemy
 - More than 100,000 Japanese died
 - American victory
 - Slow

 - Bombing of Japan
 - Japanese refuse to surrender
 - Americans reject invasion of Japan
 - Very costly
 - ◆ Live
 - ◆ Time
 - ◆ Money
 - Truman decided to drop atom bomb
 - Only way to end the war quickly and save American lives
 - "Enola Gay" - 1st plane to drop the bomb
 - August 6, 1945
 - Hiroshima
 - Nagasaki
 - Japanese surrender
 - August 14, 1945
- NO specific peace conference
- Many different conferences

Thursday, April 20, 2006
1:54 PM

Apeasment

Tuesday, April 18, 2006

9:19 AM

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- Francisco Franco
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- Rome-Berlin Axis
 - o Hitler Mussolini

- Anti-Commintern Pact
 - o Against communism (Germany, Italy, Japan)

- Sudeten Gerams
 - o Czechoslovakia

- Munich Conference
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- Nazi-Soviet Pact
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